











INSTRUCTIONAL GUIDE 6TH GRADE 2025-2026

lents will be able to use simple past interrogatives to ask for and provide basic in the use of the imperative form, students will become familiar with rules of dynamics, family gatherings, community activities, etc.), promoting respect for
tł

	Project	 Who Are We? (pg. 134-145) The Illustrated List of Rules for Coexistence Agreement (pg. 74-87)
NEM	Product	 Create an infographic about identity to share with your classmates. Create an illustrated list of rules to establish coexistence agreements.
	Content	Sensations, emotions, feelings and ideas expressed in English Cultural and artistic expressions Oral and written texts in English Graphic, playful, and aesthetic elements and resources in English *
	LDP (Learning Development Process)	Regularly records and describes emotions, sensations, feelings, and ideas related to significant community events through texts and Appreciates and comments on identity traits present in cultural and artistic manifestations of their region. Participates in role-playing games that simulate situations in natural and social environments, using everyday expressions. Collectively creates a simple instruction manual based on the group's interests and needs.

Articulating Axes	Inclusion *	Critical thinking *	Healthy living •	Arts and aesthetic experiences 🕶

CEFR SKILLS	Listening	 A2: Ss can follow orders, simple directions and instructions. A2: Ss can understand short simple commands and warnings. A2: SS can understand the days of the week and months of the year. A2: SS can understand people if they speak very slowly and clearly about simple everyday topics.
	Reading	 A2: SS can understand words and phrases on everyday activities in everyday situations. A2: SS can recognise daily situations, words and phrases. SS know and use them to understand very simple sentences. A2: Ss can understand short simple commands and warnings. A2: Ss understand short descriptions of current activities.
	Writing	 A2: SS can write simple sentences about themselves, for example where they live and what they do. A2: SS can write orders, simple directions and instructions. A2: Ss can complete a simple questionnaire or standardized report form using short sentences.
	Speaking	 A1: Ss can ask and answer simple questions about a past event. A2: SS can describe where I live. A2: SS can describe what I like and what I don't like (for example with regard to sports, music, school, colours).
	Grammar & Language Structure	 Review of Wh questions to elicit personal information: Name, age, gender, place of birth, address, school, hobbies, family members, friends, nationality, first name, phone number, date of birth, color of hair, color of eyes, height, e-mail address, country. Use simple past interrogatives to ask Y/N questions about your classmates' identity when they were younger: "Did you live in this city when you were 5?". Did you have a pet when you were 5?" "Used to" for habits in the past in affirmative: "When I was in first grade I used to". Use imperatives to write the classroom rules. Use simple present and past, used to, affirmative, negative, interrogative.
	Vocabulary	 Vocabulary to fill an identity card: Name, age, gender, place of birth, home address, name of your school, hobbies, friends & family. Hobbies: drawing, painting, running, biking, swimming, biking, camping, reading, gardening, playing

videogames, watching movies, singing, dancing, cooking/baking, etc.
Ordinal (1st to 5th) and Cardinal numbers (1-20).
Regular and irregular verbs in simple past tense.
Vocabulary to talk about rules: (rule, sanction, agreement, benefits, action, behaviour, respect, equity.
Rules for Coexistence: Respect others, raise your hand when you want to participate in class, call your classmates by their names, be quiet when others speak, pay attention to all classes, be polite, use kind words, come to class on time, don't use cell phones in class, bring your classroom materials, keep your classroom clean, don't eat in class, speak English as much as possible, do your homework, don't fight, do our best.
Family members, interests, occupations, personal characteristics.

Strategies and Activities

STAGE 1: Kickstart (Warm Up / Lead-in) Get students thinking, talking, and prepared for the lesson and project.

Achievement: Students will be able to identify vocabulary related to personal information, 'Wh' questions, rules, norms, and use imperatives and classroom commands through Total Physical Response (TPR), songs, Youtube videos and games. Students will demonstrate understanding by participating in different activities.

Skill	Instructional Strategy / Activity Suggestions	Resources	Classroom Interactive Patterns	Assessment
✓ 「Listening ✓ Reading ✓ Writing & Language Structure ✓ Speaking	 Instructional Strategy: Presentation * TPR * Role Playing * Find Someone Who * Charades * Simon Says * 	 □ STextbook □ Motebook ☑ Worksheet ☑ Visual Aids (Poster, flashcards, chats, etc.) 	✓ MholeGroup✓ Smallgroup work☐ Mair work	□ Rubrics

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Activity Description:	☑ ■ Digital	🗹 👤 Individual	Observation
	Resources	work	guides
ARC We will an Curin	(websites, apps,		Quizzes
ABC Weather Spin	videos, etc.)		☐ Graphic
1. Prepare weather flashcards (sunny, rainy, cloudy, windy, snowy, stormy). 2. Place them in a circle on the floor. 3. Play music. Students "walk the weather" around the cards. 4. When music stops, each child stands by a card, says the weather word aloud, and names the first letter and another word starting with that letter. Example: "Sunny – S – Snake!"	Realia Didactic Games		☐ Graphic organizers: (Concept maps , Mind maps, Venn Diagrams, etc.) ☐ Unit Exams
Days & Weather Toss			
1. Throw a soft ball to a student.			
 Ask: "What's the weather today?" → They answer. 			
3. Then: "What day was			
yesterday?" → They answer,			
then toss to another student.	1		
4. Continue until all have			

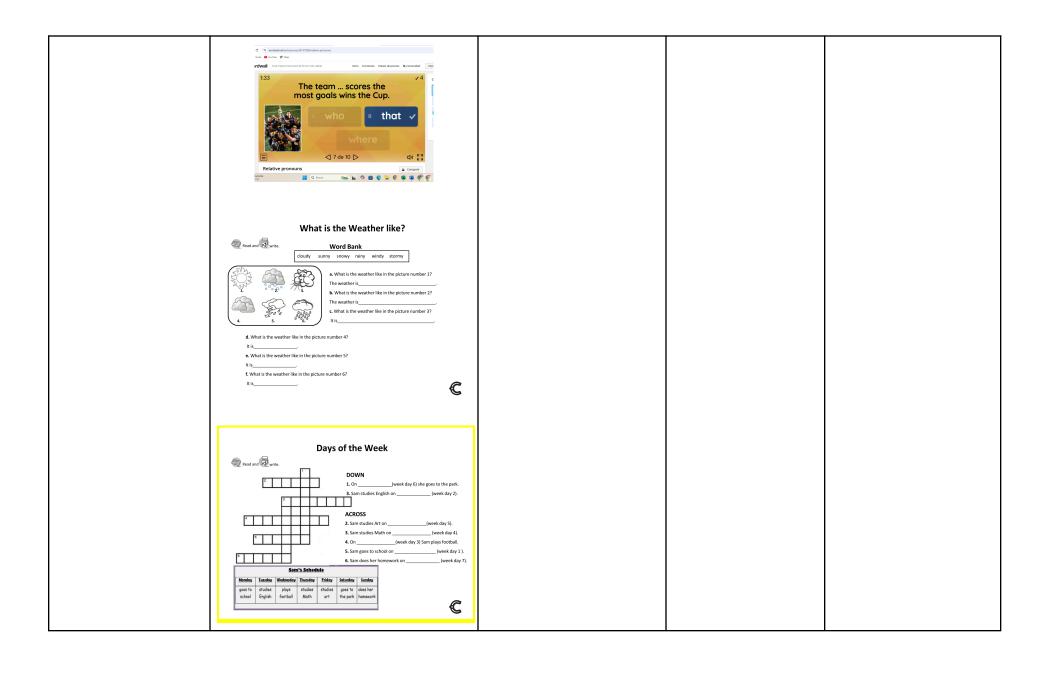
participated.
Variation: Have them also say what the weather was yesterday or will be tomorrow.
Calendar Race
 Draw a big blank calendar grid on the board. Give clues like: "The month after March" "Two days before Friday" Teams race to fill the correct answers on the calendar.
Month Order Challenge
 Write the months scrambled on the board. Students work in teams to put them in order. Teacher calls: "What's the 5th month?" → "May!" Keep questions quick to build speed.
Ordinal Line-Up
1. Give each student a

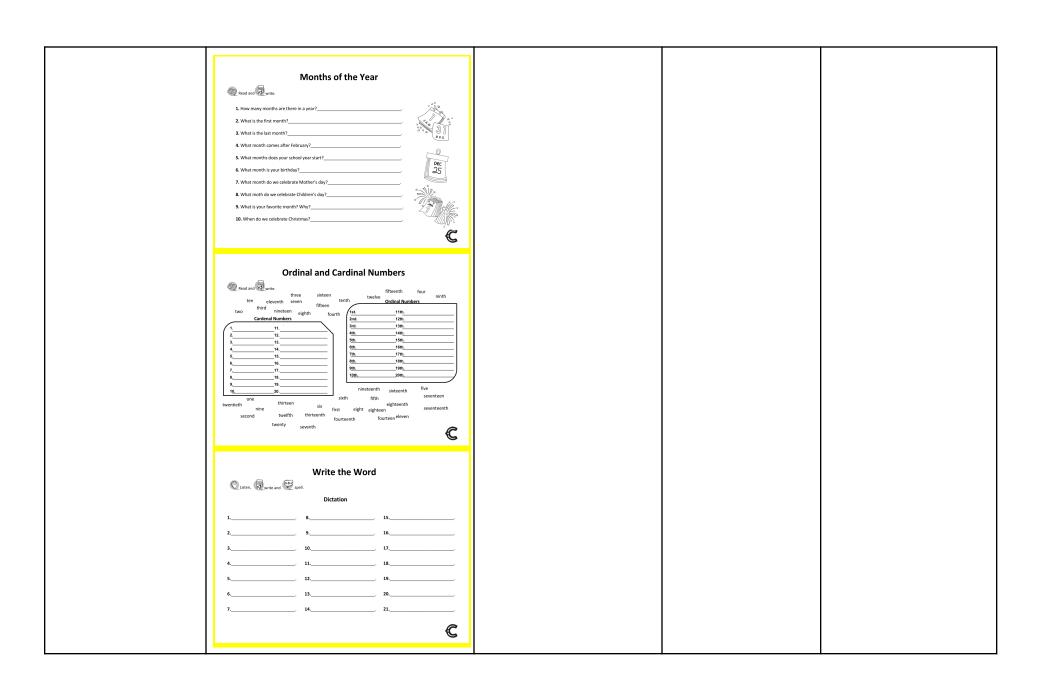
	number card (1–20, etc.). 2. Call out an ordinal (e.g., "fifth!"). 3. Students race to arrange themselves in the correct order. 4. Once in place, the student in that position spells the ordinal number aloud.
s	Spelling Race Board
	 The teacher says a number (cardinal or ordinal). Students race to write the word form on the board (e.g., 42 → forty-two, 12th → twelfth). Add a challenge: give mixed numbers and letters ("Spell the number that comes before twenty" or "Write the ordinal after seventh").
\ \n	Missing Letter & Number Puzzle
	1. Write sequences on the board with gaps: o A, B,, D, E o 8th, 9th,, 11th

2. Students fill in the missing
element and spell it aloud.
Keep rounds quick and mix letters
with numbers for extra challenge.
Find Someone Who (Past Habits
Edition) (Speaking/Listening)
 Students walk around asking classmates questions in the simple past: "Did you have a pet when you were 5?" / "Did you use to ride a bike?" They mark names on a
bingo-style grid.
Identity Simon Says
(Listening/Speaking)
The teacher gives imperatives related to personal info: "Write your birthday!", "Touch something that is your favorite color!", "Show a picture of your pet!".
Rule Charades (Speaking/Listening)
In pairs, students act out a

classroom rule (e.g., "Don't eat in class") without speaking. • Class guesses the rule in English.	
Personal Information: Ss introduces themselves using previous knowledge and the vocabulary displayed on the board.	
ID Card: Ss. complete the ID card on the worksheet and share with the classmates.	
"Interview a Friend": Ss practice asking and answering questions about identity. Give students a list of basic questions: What's your name? Where are you from? What's your favorite place in your community? etc. Then, Ss work in pairs to ask and answer. Volunteers present their partner to the class: "This is Maria. She is from"	
Find Someone Who: Ss. walk around the class and ask their partners about hobbies, favorite food,	

subjects and activities that you and your family do in the community. Practicing Wh questions and Yes / No Questions. Listen and sing aloud: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =vXWK1-L41f0 "Question Ball" – WH & Yes/No **Questions:** Ss will toss a ball asking WH and yes or no questions. S answers, then tosses the ball to another student. "Write a Question!" – WH & Yes/No **Questions:** T hands out simple answer cards (e.g., "She is in the park."). Students write the correct WH-question ("Where is she?") or Yes/No question ("Is she in the park?"). Identify and complete the grammar sentence: https://wordwall.net/es/resource/2 4157580/relative-pronouns





STAGE 2: Language Drop (Presentation / Input) Introduce grammar, vocabulary, and the communicative task. Establish the context/problem.

Achievement: Students will be able to understand and observe rules in the classroom, commands and use imperatives. They will act out commands and polite expressions in the classroom. Students will also identify different members of their community (e.g. different professions or jobs).

Skill	Instructional Strategy / Activity Suggestions	Resources	Classroom Interactive Patterns	Assessment
✓ 「Listening ✓ —Reading ✓ Writing & Language Structure ✓ Speaking	 Instructional Strategy: Show and Tell Word Wall Letter Writing Charades Realia Stategies Simon Says Activity Description: Identity Card Listening (Listening/Writing) The teacher reads a short profile: "Her name is Ana. She was born in Monterrey. She used to play football" Students fill in an identity card. 1. Teacher's Profile Show & Tell	□ Stextbook □ Notebook □ Worksheet □ Visual Aids (Poster, flashcards, chats, etc.) □ Digital Resources (websites, apps, videos, etc.) □ Realia □ Didactic Games	✓ Membre Group ✓ Membre Group ✓ Membre Small	 □ Rubrics (projects, presentations, role play, performance) □ Checklists ☑ Observation guides □ Quizzes □ Graphic organizers: (Concept maps , Mind maps, Venn Diagrams, etc.) □ Unit Exams

1. Show a big poster or slide with your personal profile: Name Age Birthday Nationality Favorite color Favorite food Favorite sport 2. Say each fact slowly while pointing to the words and pictures. 3. Example: "Hello! My name is Mr. Lee. I'm 30 years old. My birthday is in July" 4. After each sentence, ask a yes/no or choice question so students engage: "Is my name Mr. Lee or Mr. Smith?" "Is my birthday in July	
or December?"	
Find the Question	
 On the board, write your answers only: "Sofia – 25 – March – Mexico." Ask: "What questions can 	

answers?' 3. Students t name?", ' you?", "W	ry: "What's your 'How old are 'hen is your '', "Where are you		
Hobby Show & Te	ell		
or short vice your hobbed a soccer to repeat do a quice thumbs-up	ke playing guitar." ove reading oks." don't like mming." h one, ask students the phrase, then		
Personal Info + H	obbies Mini-Story		
1. Tell a shor yourself:	t story about		

	 "My name is Ana. I am from Mexico. I'm 26 years old. I like playing tennis on weekends and watching movies at night." As you read, show pictures for each part. Pause to ask comprehension questions: "Where am I from?" "What do I like doing on weekends?" 		
Prose	enting Community Helpers		
11636	ening Commonly neipers		
Who	Am I? Picture Reveal		
2.	. Show a big photo of a community helper covered by 4–6 sticky notes or puzzle pieces Remove one piece at a time while giving hints:		

doctor."
Real-Life Props Show
 Bring or show images of job-related tools (e.g., a stethoscope, a hose, a police badge, books). Show one item and ask: "Who uses this?" "Where do they work?" Model full answers: "A firefighter uses a hose. They work at the fire station."
Helper Map
 Display a simple town map with locations (school, hospital, police station, fire station, bakery, post office). Introduce each helper with 3 details: Name: "This is a teacher." Workplace: "A teacher works at a school." Task: "A teacher teaches students."

Presenting WH-Questions with Helpers
WH-Question Match
 Write WH words on the board: Who, What, Where, When, Why, How. Give example questions related to community helpers: Who helps sick people? → A doctor. Where does a firefighter work? → At the fire station. What does a chef do? → Cooks food. Underline the WH word in each example and say its meaning.
Mini Interview Demo 1. The teacher acts as a community helper (wear a
prop or hold a tool). 2. Another student (or the teacher talking to themselves in two voices) asks:

,
o "What's your job?"
o "Where do you
work?"
o "Why is your job
important?"
3. Give the model full answers,
repeating key vocabulary.
Rule Poster Walk
1. Prepare a large, colorful
poster (or slides) with
classroom rules written in
short, clear sentences and
paired with pictures or icons.
Example: "Raise your
hand to speak."
(Picture: student
raising hand)
2. Read each rule aloud
slowly.
3. Mime or act out the rule so
students can guess the
meaning before you
explain.
4. After each one, ask a quick
check question:
o "Do we shout
answers?" → "No!"
o "Do we raise our

hands?" → "Yes!"	
Good vs. Bad Behavior Show	
Good vs. Bad Benavior snow	
1. For each rule, show two	l
pictures or short videos —	
one showing the correct	
behavior, one showing the	
opposite.	
2. Ask: "Which is correct?" →	
Students point or say the	
answer.	
3. State the rule clearly: "We	
respect each other by	
listening."	
Teacher Role-Play	
1 Act out a short soons twice	
Act out a short scene twice	
 once breaking a rule, once following it. 	
once rollowing II. • Example: Walk into	
class, throw your	
backpack loudly →	
"Hmm, that's not	
respectful."	
Second time: Walk in	
calmly, greet the	
teacher → "This is	
respectful."	
2. After each, ask students to	

identify the rule.		
Symbol Match		
1. Show rule symbols/icons		
(e.g., no running, keep de	sk	
clean, no cell phones).		
2. Say the rule aloud and		
match it with the correct		
symbol on the board.		
Repeat so students start		
associating words with images.		
Short Story with Rules		
1. Tell a simple classroom sto	rv	
about a "new student" w		
follows (or breaks) rules.		
o "Maria came to cl	ass.	
She shouted at her		
friends while the		
teacher was talking	g	
ls that okay?"		
2. Pause for student respons	es.	
End each part with the correct r	ule	
stated clearly.		
Mini Reading – Our Class Rules		
(Reading)		

 Read a short illustrated list of classroom rules. Highlight imperatives and match them to images. 		
Short Video Clip – School Etiquette (Listening/Speaking)		
 Watch a 1–2 min clip about school or community rules. Answer WH questions: "What rules do they follow? Which rules are similar to ours?" 		
What is a community?: https://www.youtube.com/watch?		
v=wP_lbZSxhEs Community helpers: https://www.youtube.com/shorts/l		
"Find the Answer!" – WH Questions		
Practice: T will display a short paragraph with simple sentences about the classroom (e.g. "Tom		
goes to school at 8 a.m. He sits next to Anna. His favorite subject is math."), providing several Wh questions (Who goes to school at 8		

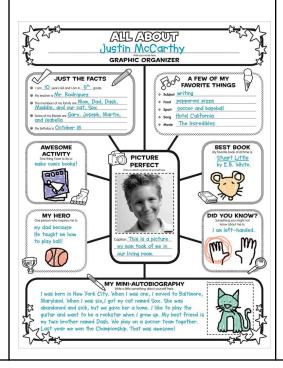
a.m.? What is Tom's favorite subject?, etc.). The Ss will underline the correct answer for each Wh question. **Daily Routine Comparison** • Objective: Practice simple present and "used to" to compare current and past activities. • Activity: Students write or talk about their current daily routine using the simple present. Then, they describe how their routine was when they were younger, using "used to." • Example: Present: "I get up at 7 AM." Past habit: "I used to get up at 8 AM when I was 8 years old." **Family Profession Interview** • Objective: Practice talking about family activities in simple present and use "used to" to talk about past professions or activities. • Activity: Students interview each other about what their

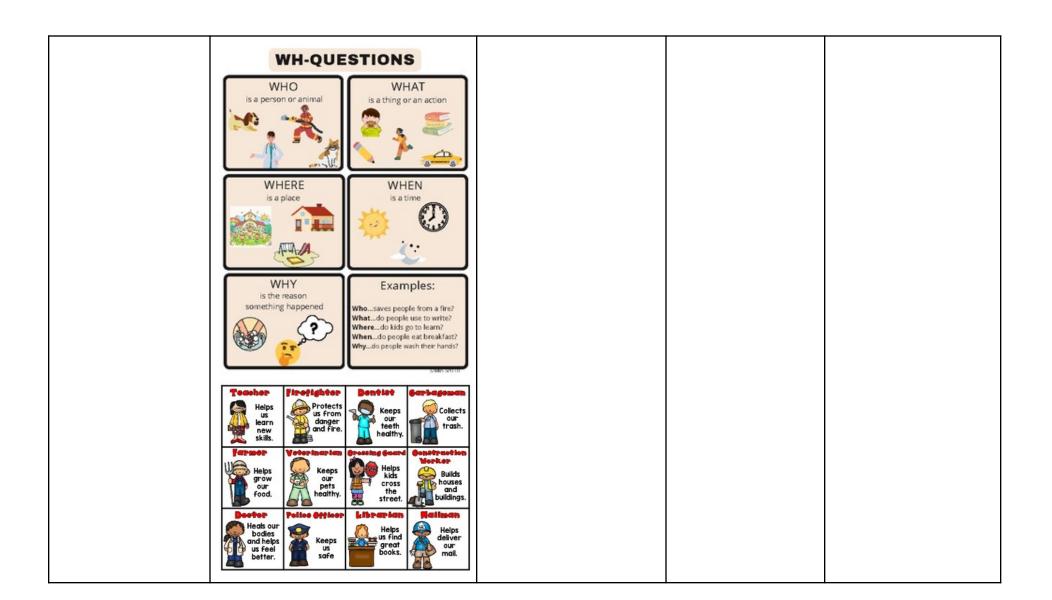
parents or family members do at work (simple present) and if in the past they did other activities or jobs (used to). Example: "My mom works as a teacher." "She used to work in a hospital."		
Activity Chart and Sentence Creation		
 Objective: Differentiate habitual activities from past and present. Activity: Provide students with a chart with pictures or words representing daily activities (for example: play soccer, watch TV, study, cook). They must organize the activities to talk about what they do now and what they used to do before, forming sentences with simple present and "used to." Example: 		
Present: "I play soccer every Saturday."		
Past: "I used to play soccer on		

Sundays."
Daily Routine Comparison
 Objective: Integrate vocabulary with grammar. Activity: Students draw a scene representing their daily life or that of their family and then describe it using the simple present. Afterwards, they describe how those activities used to be before with "used to." Example: "This is my sister. She studies every afternoon." She used to play the piano when she was younger."
Simon Says - Classroom Rules Edition
 Play a game of "Simon says" but use classroom rule instructions: "Simon says, raise your hand." "Simon says, be quiet." "Touch your nose if you come to class on

time." (No Simon says → don't do it

"Stand Up If..." – Rules & Yes/No: T says a sentence aloud: "Stand up if you always say 'please' and 'thank you.'" Students listen and respond physically. Vary using both correct and incorrect behaviors ("Stand up if you shout in the classroom.") to promote discussion.







STAGE 3: Level Up (Practice with guidance) Students collaborate, compare findings, and build knowledge with teacher guidance.

Achievement: Students will be able to actively participate in speaking, reading, writing and listening activities applying unit vocabulary and expressions, demonstrating clear pronunciation and appropriate use of language in familiar contexts. Work reinforcing understanding of language learned through this stage.

Skill	Instructional Strategy / Activity Suggestions	Resources	Classroom Interactive Patterns	Assessment
✓	 Instructional Strategy: TPR * Reading Comprehensi * Role Playing * 	 Stextbook Notebook Worksheet Visual Aids 	☑ Whole Group □ 👪 Small group work	☐ Rubrics (projects, presentations,

Structure (Poster, Find Someone Who role play, ☑ Speaking flashcards, chats, ☐ **1** Individual performance) Simon Says * etc.) □ Checklists work Memory Game ▼ ✓ ■ Digital ✓ Observation Prompts * Resources guides Activity Description: (websites, apps, □ Quizzes videos, etc.) Find My Match – Personal ☐ Graphic □ Nealia Information + WH Questions organizers: (Concept maps 1. Give each student a card Games , Mind maps, with either a question or an Venn Diagrams, answer. Questions: "What's etc.) your name?", "Where ☐ Unit Exams "Make a Rule" Poster are you from?", **Creation:** In groups, ss "When is your create posters birthday?" illustrating an important Answers: "I'm Alex.", social rule, explaining "I'm from Mexico.", why it is necessary to "My birthday is in observe it. June." 2. Students walk around the room asking questions until they find their matching partner. 3. Teacher monitors, helping with pronunciation and question forms. 4. After finding matches, pairs practice saying the Q&A to

the class.	
Question Carousel – Community Helpers	
 Put pictures of different community helpers around the room (doctor, firefighter, teacher, police officer, baker, mail carrier). Students move in pairs from picture to picture. At each station, they ask and answer: "Who is this?" → "This is a firefighter." "Where does he/she work?" → "At the fire station." "What does he/she do?" → "He/She puts out fires." The teacher circulates, prompting full sentences. Rule Sorting – Classroom Rules 	
Give students a set of small cards with short sentences or	

pictures showing behaviors. o Examples: "Raise your hand to speak." / "Shout in class." 2. In pairs, students sort them into Follow the Rule vs. Break the Rule piles. The teacher checks answers and asks students to read one example aloud with "We should..." or "We shouldn't..." Interview Chain - Personal Info + **Community Helpers** 1. The teacher assigns each student a community helper role (e.g., nurse, chef, teacher). 2. Students walk around interviewing each other: "What's your name?" "What's your job?" o "Where do you work?" o "Why is your job important?" 3. The teacher models first, then guides students during exchanges to ensure correct

grammar.	
Teacher Says – Rules Version	
1. Play like "Simon Says," but as	
"Teacher Says."	
2. Use rule-based actions:	
"Raise your hand," "Be	
quiet," "Open your book,"	
"Don't run."	
3. Sometimes they give the	
command without saying	
"Teacher says" — students	
must not move.	
4. The teacher pauses to	
reinforce the rule in full	
sentences after tricky	
rounds.	
WH-Question Board Race – Mixed	
Themes	
1. Draw two columns on the	
board: Questions / Answers.	
2. The teacher calls out a	
topic: Personal Info,	
Community Helper, or	
Classroom Rule.	
3. Students race in teams to	
write a correct WH-question	
and its matching answer.	

	 Topic: Personal Info → "Where are you from?" / "I'm from Canada." Topic: Community Helper → "What does a firefighter do?" / "He puts out fires." Topic: Classroom Rule → "When should we be quiet?" / "When the teacher is talking."
Memo	y Game – Rules & Actions
l l	ng/Speaking)
•	Match a card with the rule "Respect others") to a card with a drawing of the action. Say the rule aloud when matched.
Unscra	mble the Rules
	ng/Writing)
•	Jumbled words: "in / eat / class / don't" → Don't eat in class. Students race in pairs to

rewrite correctly.

Role Play – Giving Instructions

(Speaking/Listening)

- In pairs, one student is a teacher giving rules, the other follows them.
- Switch roles after 1 minute.

Ss. describe Ma. Lorena using some adjectives on page 15.

https://youtu.be/tWn6NDvtyXg?si=laecrZkegdNbDMd



"Parts of the City":

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=EsWIJj04oQw

"Parts of the City II":

https://www.youtube.com/watch?

<u>v=73t85FVRiDs</u>	
"My favorite place": Ss write 3	
sentences about a favorite place:	
"My favorite place is the park. I go	
there with my friends. We play	
soccer." T encourages students to	
include who, what, and why.	
"Different rules for different places":	
T. will provide a list of places in the	
community; Ss, working in pairs, will	
write several rules that must be	
followed in those places (e.g. "You	
need to be quiet in the library.",	
"You can't run at the pool", etc.)	
Classroom Rules Sorting Activity	
Mix up the phrases on cards	
and ask students to sort	
them into categories:	
Respect and	
Politeness (e.g.,	
respect others, be	
polite, use kind words)	
Classroom Behavior	
(e.g., be quiet, pay	
attention, don't fight)	
• Classroom	

Responsibilities (e.g., bring materials, do homework, come on time).	
Create a Classroom Poster	
 As a group or class project, students write or paste the classroom rules on a big poster with drawings. Use simple sentences or keywords. Hang the poster in the classroom as a reminder. 	

STAGE 4: All-In-One (Use of language skills) Integrated skills use, individual creative production, and draft version of final product.

Achievement: Students will independently apply unit vocabulary related to rules, norms in the classroom and the community and use imperatives and commands to complete worksheets and textbook activities. This stage supports language autonomy and comprehension as students prepare to finalize their project.

Skill	Instructional Strategy / Activity Suggestions	Resources	Classroom Interactive Patterns	Assessment
☐ 『Listening ☐ 』 ☐ Reading ☐ ② Writing & Language	 Instructional Strategy: TPR * Reading Comprehensi * Letter Writing * 	□ STextbook□ Notebook☑ Worksheet□ Notebook☑ Step Note Note Note Note Note Note Note Note	☐ Whole Group ☐ Small group work	☐ Rubrics (projects, presentations,

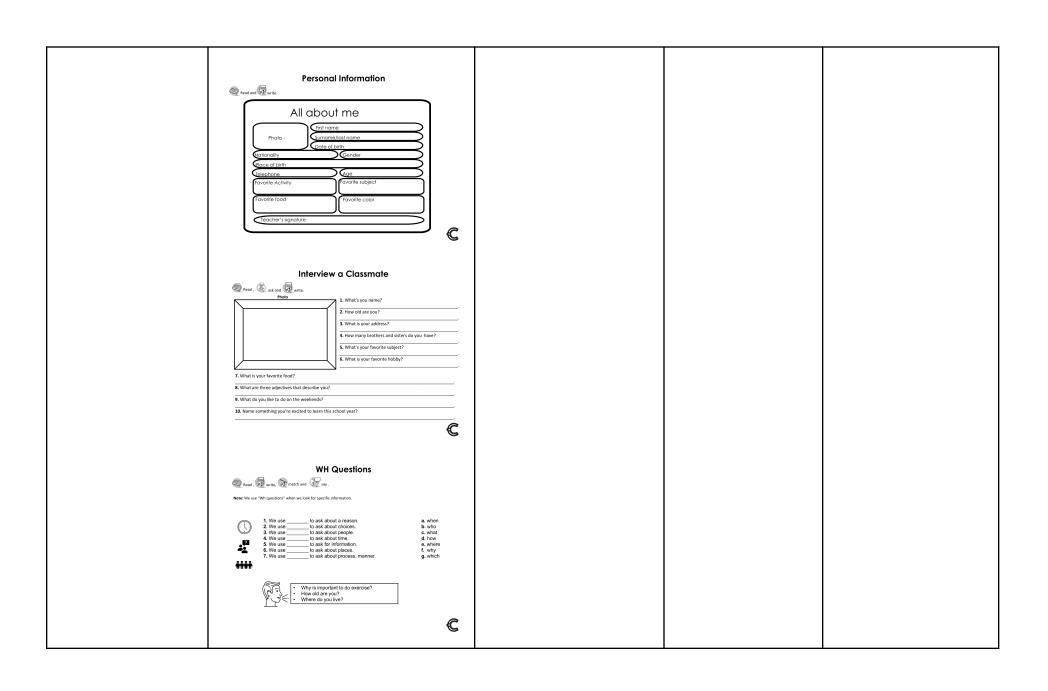
Structure Speaking	Crossword Puzzle Role Playing Charades Find Someone Who Fill in the Blanks • Activity Description: Infographic – My Identity (Writing/Reading/Speaking) • Students create a colorful infographic with their personal info, hobbies, and past habits. • Include at least 5 sentences in the simple past using "used to." My Personal Profile Card	(Poster, flashcards, chats, etc.) Digital Resources (websites, apps, videos, etc.) Realia Didactic Games	Pair work Individual work	role play, performance) Checklists Observation guides Quizzes Graphic organizers: (Concept maps , Mind maps, Venn Diagrams, etc.) Unit Exams
	 Give students a blank "profile card" with prompts: Name: Age: Birthday: Country: Favorite hobby: Students fill in the card using full sentences. Optional extension: draw a 			

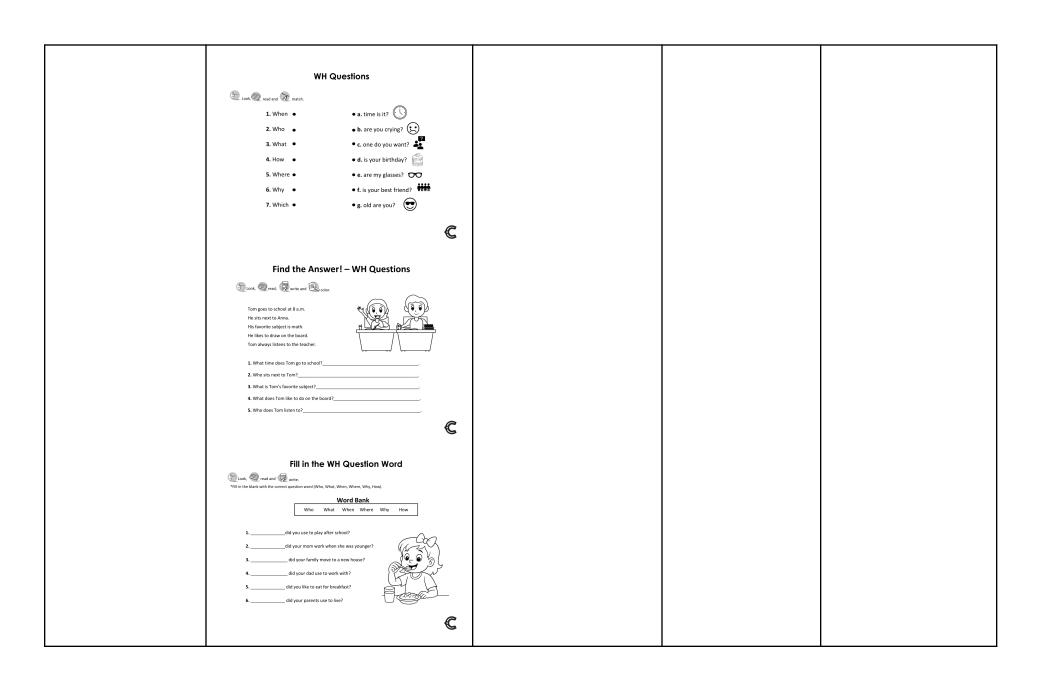
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self-portrait in the corner.	
WH-Question Crossword	
 Provide a crossword puzzle where the clues are WH-questions. Across: "What is your favorite color?" Down: "Where do you live?" Students write the short answers in the crossword spaces. 	
My Interview Script	
 Give students a list of 6–8 WH-words (Who, What, Where, When, Why, How). Students write one question for each WH-word about personal information. Then, they write their own answers below each question. Example: Q: Where do you live? A: I live in Mexico City. 	
Fill-in-the-Blank Dialogue	
1. Provide a short dialogue	

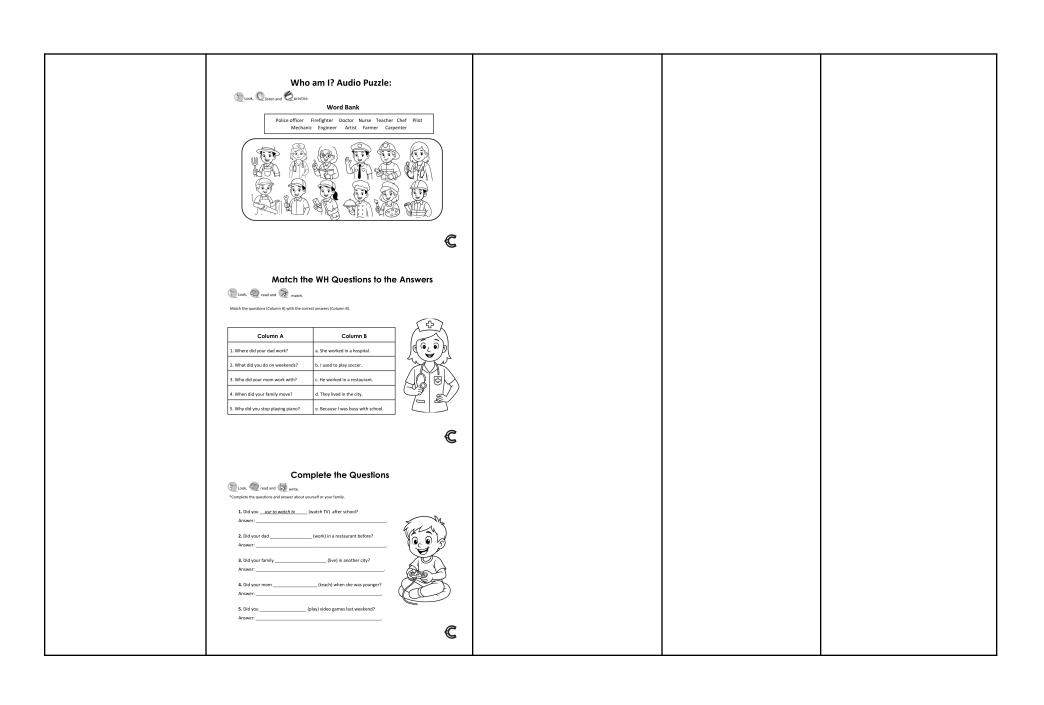
	with blanks:
	o A: Hi! What's your
	name?
	B: My name is Carla.
	。 A:?
	B: I'm 12 years old.
	2. Students fill in missing
	WH-questions or answers
	based on context.
My	/ Interview Script – Helpers /
Fai	mily
	1. Students imagine they are
	interviewing a community
	helper.
	2. Write one WH-question for
	each WH-word (Who, What,
	Where, When, Why, How).
	3. Write possible answers in full
	sentences.
	4. Example:
	O Q: What do you do? O A: I halp page 19
	A: I help people When they are sick
	when they are sick.
IIIu	strated List – Our Class Rules
l (W	riting/Speaking)
'	
	Students design an
	illustrated coexistence

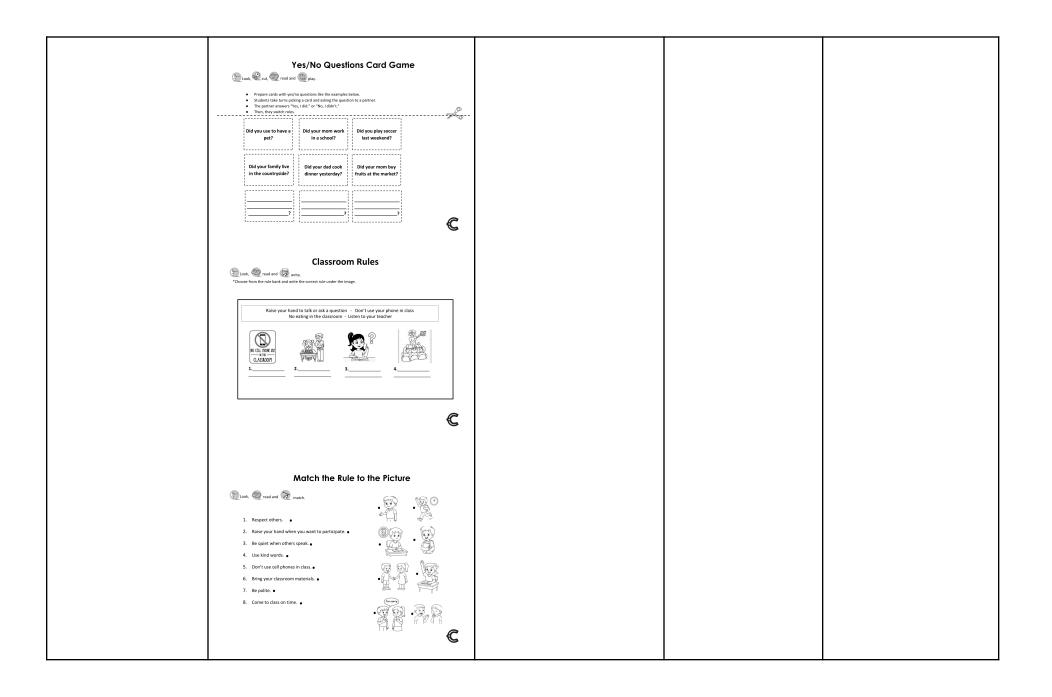
agreement with at least 8 rules in imperative form.
Delay Writing – Rules Dictation (Listening/Writing)
The teacher reads the rules slowly. Students remember and write them after a short delay.
"Rule Charades": T. will provide strips of paper with different rules written on them. A student picks a rule (e.g., "Don't talk during the lesson.") and acts it out. The rest of the class guesses using questions: "Are you shouting?", "Is it about being quiet?"
"Community Helper Cards": T. will provide cards with short, simple texts (2-3 sentences) about jobs or community members. Ss read and match each description to a picture or job title.
"Find Someone Who": T. reads out statements: "Find someone who lives near a school,""Find

someone who walks to school. Students walk around asking classmates questions until they find matches. "My Life in 5 Sentences": Ss write 5 sentences: name, age, where they live, who they live with, favorite place nearby. They can share with a partner or post on the wall. -T asks ss to open their books and answer some exercises about the unit. -T. provides worksheets and guides ss to answer them. Brainstorming Say write and play. hobbies subjects food occupations









Classroom Rules Cour Classroom Rules Our Classroom Rules 1		
Complete the Sentences		
Read and Complete. Word Bank 1. Always raise your when you want to participate. 2. Please be to your classmates and teacher. 3. Don't use in class. 4. Remember to bring your classroom clean 5. Speak as much as possible in class. 6. Be when others are speaking. 7. Do your every day. 8. It's important to others. 9 to the teacher. 10. Keep your classroom		
Complete True or False		
1. You should talk loudly while your teacher is speaking. 2. You have to raise your hand before talking. 3. Using cell phones is allowed during lessons. 4. It's polite to say "please" and "thank you." 5. You should come to class on time. 6. Eating snacks is allowed anytime in class. 7. Keep your classroom clean. 8. Speak English as much as possible.		

Read and Complete.	Sort the Rule	s	
Den't fight. Use kind words. Pay attention to all classes. Be polite. Bring your classroom materials.	8. Be quie 9. Don't u 10. Keep	ir homework. et when others speak. use cell phones in class. your classroom clean. et o class on time.	
Raise your hand when you want to Respect and Politeness	participate. 12. Respe	Classroom Responsibilities	
			€

STAGE 5: Reality check / wrap it up (Reflect and apply learning) Evaluate learning, reflect, and share final products.

Achievement: Students will be able to integrate key vocabulary and language structures learned throughout the unit by participating in small, meaningful practice activities. They will demonstrate understanding by applying these skills in speaking, listening, reading, and writing tasks that prepare them to present their final project.

Skill	Instructional Strategy / Activity Suggestions	Resources	Classroom Interactive Patterns	Assessment
✓ 「Listening ✓ —Reading	 Instructional Strategy: TPR	 □ Stextbook □ Notebook □ Worksheet □ Visual Aids (Poster, flashcards, chats, etc.) ☑ Digital Resources (websites, apps, videos, etc.) 	 ✓ mall work ☐ Mall small group work ☐ Mall Pair work ✓ Individual work 	 ✓ Rubrics

1. Give students a blank "helper card" with prompts: Job title: Workplace: Tools used: What they do: Why the job is important: Students choose one community helper and fill in the card in full sentences. Optional: draw or paste a picture of the helper.	□ Nealia □ ip Didactic Games	☐ Graphic organizers: (Concept maps , Mind maps, Venn Diagrams, etc.) ☑ Unit Exams
Find Someone Who 1. Give students a short grid with prompts like: • Find someone who was born in January. • Find someone whose favorite sport is soccer. • Find someone who has a brother or sister. 2. Students walk around asking classmates WH-questions:		

	 "When is your birthday?" "What's your favorite sport?" They write names in the boxes until they complete the sheet.
	Hot Seat – Personal Info Edition
	 One student sits in the "hot seat" facing the class. Class asks WH-questions about personal information (teacher can limit to 1 question per student). The student must answer as quickly as possible. Switch students every 1–2 minutes.
	Pass the Question
	 Students sit in a circle. One student asks a WH-question to the person on their right. That person answers, then asks a different WH-question to the next person. Continue around the circle

until everyone has participated.
Two Truths & a Lie – Past Habits (Speaking/Listening)
 Students say three sentences about their childhood, two true, one false. Class guesses which is the lie.
Exit Ticket - Sentence Completion (Writing)
 "One thing I learned about giving rules is" "One rule I think is important for our class is"
Spelling Race – Rules Vocabulary (Speaking/Writing)
The teacher calls out a word ("respect", "agreement"), and groups race to write it correctly on the board.
Ss listen (and read) to a video to get familiar with information about a female runner known worldwide.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=6EP278TbfpM



"Community rules and laws":

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=cROwtySHqZQ

"Walk Around & Listen" –
Community Places": T will post 4–6
pictures of community places
(school, park, store) around the
room. T. will read short sentences
aloud (e.g., "You buy food here."),
and students walk to the correct
image.

"My Community Roleplay" –
Community Focus: Ss choose a
community helper (e.g., nurse,
shopkeeper).
Walk around and "visit" each

other: "Hello! What do you do?"

"I am a nurse. I help sick people." They can ask/answer questions about jobs independently. "My Community Jobs" -Community Focus: T. will provide strips of paper (job descriptions), place cards (library, fire station, etc.). Ss read the job descriptions independently: "I help people when there's a fire.", then, they will match it to the correct place: "Fire station." written on the board. Final Project Rehearsal: Allow students to create an infographic about identity to share with your classmates and create an illustrated list of rules to establish coexistence agreements.Provide guidance and feedback focusing on vocabulary use, sentence structure, and clarity. **Project Presentation Day:** Have students present their final project individually or in small groups. Presentations can include showing posters, reading simple sentences, or explaining their work

with support.		
-T asks WH questionsT asks a few yes/no questions: Do you remember how to use? Would you like to review? -T will use videos, audios, or any other resource to reinforce the achievementsT can use the book to review the unit vocabulary.		
orm vocabolary.		